# END IS NOT YET IN SIGHT

California Still a Center of Strike Disturbances.

TRAINS GUARDED BY MILITARY

Fireman of an Outgoing Engine Badly Beaten by a Mob-Harry Knox, Leader of the Sacramento Strikers, Arrested-Connection with the Trestle Wreck.

BAN FRANCISCO, July 14. - The hopes of the Southern Pacific are rising to-night, Aided by the strong arm of the Federal government they are gradually getting the mastery of the A. R. U. The strikers, however, are not giving up without desperate struggle, and the end is not yet in sight. Through passenger trains have been running throughout North ern California to-day, but it cannot truly be said that the blockade will be broken, The trains that are running have been moved under cover of the military, and every train that has proceeded any cons able distance has been under a guard of soldiers. Notwithstanding the presence of these armed guards and a military force of 1,00 men scattered along their railroads on Oakland Mole, the strikers succeeded in fre-

Quently interrupting traffic at that point.

About noon a mob of about 200 strikers stopped an Oakland suburban train at Wood et and attempted to pull the fireman from the cab. Prompt police interfer-ance prevented a delay of more than ten minutes. Later in the day another crowd, numbering fully 600 strikers, gathered at Seventh street and stopped the first freight train that was started out. The non-union fireman was dragged from the becomedia. He was rescued from the mobemotive. He was rescued from the mol by the police and escorted back to the loco-motive. Again the mob interfered, and the engineer abandoned his comrade and pulled on to the next siding. The fireman was badly pummeled by the strikers.

In the early evening the strikers stalled an-other train that had been taken from the other train that had been taken from the yards under escort of two companies of artillery, one marching on either side. The strikers piled ties and stones on the track. At Sixteenth street they succeeded in cutting the train in two. It was several hours before the trainmen could be got out of their predicament, but despite all this rioting and disorder there, the officials succeeded in moving nearly all e local passenger trains on time.

A through passenger train from Los Angeles, ten cars, arrived in the morning. In that train was a party of Eastern tourists in a Fullman coach who had been side-tracked for over two weeks at Mojave, surrounded

for over two weeks at Mojave, surrounded by the hot sands of the desert. The evening train for Los Angeles, the over-land train via Ogden and the Oregon express were not sent out. An overland train was dispatched for Ogden from Sacramento, however. Only thirty passengers, ten of whom were women, were on board. Other passen-ger trains left Sacramento on schedule time, but no trains were run without a military

of the strikers at that point, for conspiracy in connection with the wreck horror at the tresconnection with the wreck horror at the tres-tile west of Sacramento. Warrants were also out for two other members of the strikers' mediation committee on similar charges. Knox, who was taken to Woodland, and in default of \$25,000 bail was thrown into jail, insists that he is innocent of the awful crime charged and declares that the Southern Pacific has affected his arrest. This afternoon it was published that a confession had been made by Worden, the striker under arrest as a principal in the perpetration of the crime at the trestle. In the alleged confession it is said that Worden implicates Knox and the others for whom warrants of arrest

### KNIGHTS WILL STICK.

way Union in Its Extremity.

PHILADELPHIA, July 14.—Secretary-Treasurer Haves when seen by a representative of the Associated Press with reference to Genthat the services of the Knights of Labor had been offered unreservedly to the officers of the American Railway Union, declined to discuss the subject and referred the reporter to Editor Schonfarber, of the Knights of

no doubt correct; that the Knights of Labor will stick to the American Ballway Union until the end. He scouted the idea that the in this city.

### DISCOURAGING FOR DEBS.

Switchmen's Aid Association Have Officially Discountenanced the Strike. Cuicago, July 14,-The switchmen have

taken decided action regarding the strike. A meeting held to-day resulted in the following

We, the grand board of directors of the Switch-men's Mutual Aid Association of North America, now assembled at the city of Chicago, have care-fully considered our position in the pending strike of the American Hailway Union, and Whereas our grand master, Mles W. Barrett, did not countenance the same, but held that all members of the Switchmen's Mutual Aid Associ-sation be governed by our constitution be it. ation be governed by our constitution; be t

therefore
Resolved, That it is the sense of this body, the
grand board of directors, assembled, to fully indorse our grand master in his action in the said

This is interpreted to mean that the most authoritative body in the switchmen's organi-zation have officially discountenanced the strike, and the switchmen having been the backbone of the strikers' forces, the outlook for the Debs-Sovereign plan for continuing

the strike is discouraging.

The following telegram was received by Mr.
Debs inte to-night from Chief Arthur, of the
engineers in reply to the one sent him early

in the afternoon: "CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 14.

"To E. V. DERS:
"My solvice to the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, when called upon to give
it, has been to attend strictly to their duty as
engineers; run their engines where they
could do so safely, regardless of whom the
company employes to fire them. I have not
issued any letters of recommendation to engineers for the purpose of filling positions vacated by strikers. Have stated to all enquirers that members of the Brotherhood could
take the places vacated by other members of take the places vacated by other members of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers contrary to the laws of the order, but could not take the place of members of the A. R. U. who had quit in obedience to the order of the organization. Have not sent any engineers. Have referred all applications for employ ment to the chairman of the general commit

### MAYOR HOPKINS INDIGNANT.

Denies the Truth of a Report Calling His Loyalty in Question

CHICAGO, July 14 .- "The story is false from beginning to end. I shall ask Gen. Miles at once to do me the justice of denying it," said Mayor Hopkins to-day, referring to a report from Cincinnati to the effect that Gen. Miles before the State militia was called out, called on Mayor Hopkins and asked if he intended

militia.

According to this report the mayor answered that he should not mix up in the matter, whereupon Gen. Miles pulled out his watch and said he would give Mayor Hopkins just thirty minutes in which to issue instructions to his police and to call out the State militia, and that if he (the mayor) refused to obey he would declare the city under martial law and arrest him for consignary.

"I have had but one interview with Gen. Miles," continued the mayor, "and that was Saturday evening about 6 o'clock, thirty-six hours after 1 had called for troops and when most of them were in the field. Prior to that time I had continued to communication in

most of them were in the field. Prior to that time I had positively no communication in any way with any Federal official. Gen. Miles called on the request of Messrs, Marvin Hughitt, President Blackstone, of the Alton, and General Manager Eagan.

"These gentiemen had been to see me early in the afternoon to ask if there could not be a unity of action between the Federal and state troops. I asked Mr. Eagan whether the Federal troops would come to the aid of the pelice and militin if a riot occurred a block away from railway tracks. Mr. Eagan could not answer, and the gentiemen went to Gen. Miles to find out.

"Later Gen. Miles called at my office, and I talked with him in the presence of Treasurer

"Later Gen. Miles called at my office, and I talked with him in the presence of Treasurer Ackerman. Corporat on Counsel Rubens, Col. Donovan and Alderman McGillen. The general told me his instructions were to guard Federal buildings in Chicago; to protect the United States mail, and to see that roads engaged in the interstate commerce business were not interfered with, but that his troops would still the militin and roller. business were not interfered with, but that his troops would aid the mititia and police upon the request of the mayor or any of his officers, civil or military. Never at any time prior to that time nor since have I had a per-sonal talk with Gen. Miles. "I believe Gen. Miles is a fair man. I shall

ask him at once in justice to me to deny the story. I believe he will do so."

GEN. MILES' REPLY. .Mayor Hopkins received the following let-

ter in answer to his to Gen. Miles: "DEAR SIR: I have the honor to reply to DEAR SIX: I have the honor to reply to your letter of this morning, inclosing extracts from to-day's Inter Ocean. In attending to my official duties I have not had time to read what has appeared in the public press, and have declined to be interviewed I think more than one hundred times during the last ten days, but as this comes to me in your let-ter I have read it. It appears to be sensa-tional, and I think it unnecessary to state in detail what parts are true and what are not, "I did not call upon the President by long

distance telephone. I did not say that I should declare martial law, or that I should place you under arrest, or that I should place you under arrest, or that I shad been instructed by the President to take any such

prise you of the fact that the Federal forces under my command were here to protect Government property; to assist the United States marshal and the United States district attorney in the execution of their duties, and in opening mail routes and the lines of interstate commerce, and if required, to suppress any insurrection; that I assumed and knew that the authorities in Washington expected that the municipal and state governments would to the extent of their power, preserve the public peace and order in this city and state.

so doing I would render them assistance, and that as far as I was concerned, and the the restoration of peace.
"I have the honor to remain, very respect-

fully, yours, &c., NELSON MILES, "Major General U. S. A."

He Was Getting Inside News. CHICAGO, July 14.—It has leaked out that a wreck on the Chicago and Northern Pacific

yesterday was caused by the misplacing through carelessness of a switch by J T. Hollister, a reporter for a Chicago morning paper, who was acting as switchman in order to be "on the inside" in getting news among railroad employes. He was promptly arrested and jailed, but was ba l-d out. The refuit of the derailment was the telescoping of two locomotives and smash up of a number of passenger coaches. Nobody was killed.

### STRONGER THAN EVER.

Such Will Be the Condition of the Old

Brotherhood, Says Sargent. TERRE HAUTE, July 14 .- Grand Master Sargent, of the Firemen's Brotherhood, said today that the old brotherhood will come out of the Pullman strike stronger than before it was ordered out, and it will demonstrate their conservative character. The laws of his order, he says, are made so as to prevent a strike as far as possible, and that such a spirit should actuate all laboring organizations.

He added that at no time during the Pullman boycott was there any danger of a sympathetic strike on the part of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, and all talk to that effect was by persons not familiar with the brotherhood laws. He was sorry for those brotherhood firemen who had gone out on this strike on their own account and had lost their jobs, but they knew the consequence when they struck, as the firemen's organization had no trouble whatever with any of the railroads. was ordered out, and it will demonstrate their

chief Sargeant says he is a personal friend of Debs and admits his honesty of purpose and his intellectual ability, but he made a mistake in ordering on this sympathetic strike of the A. R. U. What effect it would have on Debs' own organization he could no but he did think that it would make the old brotherhood stronger. One effect it might have for a while would be to make it harder for all the railway organizations to harder for all the railway organizaget concessions from the companies.

### "IT IS A LOST CAUSE."

Building Trades Council Also Deserts the American Railway Union.

CHICAGO, July 14.—The building trades ouncil has deserted the cause of the A. R. U.

"We will adhere to the decision which we reached last night not to strike in any event," said President J. J. Byan to-day. "When we decided on that course last night we were under the impression that the Managers' As-sociation would accept Mr. Debs proposition or had already done so, and that the strike was all over. I hardly think they would have taken that course if they had known the contrary. However, it is a lost cause, and even though no attempt is made to prolong the fight, we will not alter our decision."

Starting a Carlisle Boom. Pirrisbuno, Pa., July 14.-At a meeting he Carlisle Club of this city Col. N. P. Sawyer offered a resolution which was adopted indersing Hen. John G. Carlisle, of Kentucky, for his integrity, patriotism, and shifty. ability, and appointing a committee to raise an emergency fund and provide such other measures as may conduce to his nomination for President of the United States to be voted

Tried to Cut Her Child's Throat. Baltimore, July 14.—Ruth E. Newber alias Ruth Poe, attempted to cut the throat o a 5-year-old daughter with a butcher's knife to-day. The child with another had been committed to the care of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children. The mother, under an excuse, took the child to the backyard and made the attempt upon its life. Officers watching prevented the murder.

GETTTEBURG, Pa., July 14.—Two parties ommonwealers on their way to Washington are camping to-night in the famous "Devil's Den" where they will remain until Monday. They are under the command of Adjt. Gen. Elliot and Capt. Thomas and more are ex-

### WASHINGTON IN HIGH FAVOR ANARCHY'S RED PLAG WAVED

Efforts of Its Endeavorers Profusely Complimented.

CONNECTICUT SENDS GREETING

Interesting Services Held in Church and Tent at the Cleveland Convention-Social Amenities Succeed the Serious Work of the Day-Everybody in Great Glee.

[Special to THE TIMES.] CLEVELAND, O., July 14.-There was only one session of the Christian Endeavor conention to-day held in the tent and hall this morning. At 2 o'clock in the afternoon the Junior Union had a rally in the hall, while the eniors enjoyed two hours'ride on Lake Erie and spent the afternoon in visiting the differ ent points of interest in the city.

This evening each of the state and territorial delegations held receptions in their respective headquarters and spent a pleasant social evening.

At the morning session in the hall, President pro tem. C. Dickinson presided and introduced Rev. Cornelius Brett, of Jersey City, N. J., who conducted an open parliament on "The Junior Societies." He first told what benefits the Junior Society was to him and his church, and then called upon those in the audience to tell their experience with the society.

Among those who spoke were Dr. H. W.

Among those who spoke were Dr. H. W. Ennis, who said his juniors attended the Sunday morning service in a body.

Mr. H. O. Emmons, of Washington, told how the District juniors are preparing to build a children's home.

After this the junior parliament reports were reached from the denominational rallies held Thursday afternoon. The main feature in these reports was the fact that there is less denominationation in the society than ever denominationalism in the society than ever before, Dr. F. R. Dauley, of Springfield, Ill., delivered an address on interdenomina-

INTERDENOMINATIONAL FELLOWSHIP. In the tent Dr. B. B. Tyler, of New York, presided, and there was an open parliament on the benefits of interdenominational fellowship conducted by Dr. J. L. Howe, of Indianapolis. Then there were reports of denon i-national rallies from different ministers, and national raines from different ministers, and Dr. Wayland Hoyt, of Minneapolis, delivered an address on interdenominational fellowship. At the junior raily Mrs. A. W. Seudder con-ducted the children's services and reports of progress were received from different junior

Washington delegates were tendered a royal reception by the Society of Reformers of the Episcopal church in the Sabbath school room of the church from 8 to 10 o'clock to-night. The room was filled with Washington night. The room was fined with washington delegates and a number of visiting delegates. Shortly after 8, the hour set for the reception, Dr. Nookes, pastor of Epiphany church, called the delegates to order, and in a few well-chosen words welcomed the Washingtonians to the church, and spoke in flattering terms of the Capital city's delegates work in securing the convention of 'We.

WILL MAKE IT A SUCCESS. Alexander responded to the hearty welcome and assured those outside of the District delegation that Washington Endeavorers would do ail in their power to make the con-

would do all in their power to make the convention of '96 the success it deserves to be.

Then Mr. Percy S. Foster sang a comic solo. Bishop Fellows, of Minnesota, spoke for a few moments, and said that it was fitting that such a big convention should be held in the capital of the nation. Then there were cries of "Pennell," and that gentleman responded with a short speech in the same strain as Dr. Fellows. strain as Dr. Fellows.

Social intercourses and refreshments were then in order an hour. About 10 o'clock 753 representatives from the Connecticut delega-tion marched into the church and brought greetings and congratulations from the Wooden Nutmeg state to the District of Col-umbia delegates. Quite a number of their delewhy they favored Washington for the meeting place of '96 convention. Then refreshments were served, and shortly before midnight the two delegations retired to their stopping

Among the Washingtonians present were

Messrs, Foster, Stawell, Severance, Mc-Arthur, Morgan, Sleman, Pennell, Alexander Arthor, Morgan, Sleman, Pennell, Alexander, Equis, Emmons, Wilbur, Williams, Knight, Church, Grines, Birch, Lewis, Morton, Ricks, Taylor, Brewer, Reisner, Burnham, Kyselka, Paul Sleman, Sam McElwes, and Hodges; Mesdames McArthur, Foster, Birch, Cornwell, Andrews, and Carter, and Misses Foster, Pennell, Schmidt, Berry, Steward, Clemons, Gulager, Rathbone, Crippen, Bohrer, Matthewson, Hutchinson, Norman, Le Duc, Hill, Cox, Clagett, Hunter, Zea, Reed, Andrews, Kearney, Warnum, and Knight.

Warnum, and Knight.

Rev. H. W. Eunis will preach to-morrow morning at the Epiphany Reformed courch. Rev. J. G. Butler returned home yesterday after having his pocket picked of \$55 in the American house. Miss Frances E. Willard arrived in the city to-night and is at the Still-

Train Wrecker Arrested. TERRE HAUTE, Ind., July 14.-The authorities to-day arrested the supposed wrecker of the Big Four passenger train, which resulted in the killing of the engineer and fireman. Ex-Congressman Lamb, who has been employed to prosecute, said to-night that the officials believe they have the rightmun. The prisoner's name is Edward Holloway, of Indianapolis. He was at the scene of the wreck, but disappeared immediately after-ward and was arrested to-day at Rock ville and brought here. He was employed by the Big Four, and the day before the wreck took a striker's place, but he at once deserted and joined the strikers and helped to sidetrack

Session of the Mystic Shrine. PITTSBURG, Pa., July 14.—Col. Thomas J. Hudson, imperial potentate Oriental Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, has decided to have the annual session of the Imperial Coun cil held at Denver, Col., on July 24 and 25, as originally fixed, notwithstanding many re-quests from eastern and western members advising a postponement on account of rail-road and labor troubles.

Crimes and Casualties. The brewery of the Cincinnati Brewing Company was partially burned yesterday. President Peter Schwab estimates loss on building, grain, and stock at \$50,000. Michael Thriko and John Anderako were instantly killed and horribly mangled yester-lay by the premature explosion of a blast in berry colliery, No. 4, near Hazleton

Telegraphic Brevities.

The Bobesonia furnace at Beading, Pa.
with a capacity of 1,000 tons a week, resumed
resterday after an idleness of two months, on
account of the scarcity of coke. The celebration of the fail of "La Bastile" was commenced in Montreal yesterday at Notre Dame church. All French associations of the city were present to take part in solemn high mass, which was sung in the Chapel of the Sacred Heart, which adjoins the Church of Notre Dame.

Existing Conditions, but Advocated the Ballot as a Remedy.

New York, July 14 .-- A socialist demonstration was held in Union Square this evening. Detachments of the municipal and park police were on hand to preserve order, but they had no trouble. Supt. Byrnes remained in his tions in case of trouble. The cry raised by the speakers at the start was ballots, not bul-

lets. This cry was taken up by each succeeding speaker, for the leaders of the socialistic labor party controlled the meeting and wanted to work it for all it was worth for their own interests.

Combined with the socialist labor party in the demonstration were the Central Labor, Federation and the United Hebrew Trades. As was to be expected, numerous red flags were displayed, and but a few American flags were visible. Each division of the paraders carried a number of transparencies with mottoes such as "Down with capitalists" and kindred sentiments.

About Union Square several platforms had About Union Square several platforms and been erected for the speakers. Addresses were made in English, German and Hebrew, a platform being assigned to the speakers of each language.

Lucius Samuels, a flery socialist, was called upon to preside. He made a speech strongly condemning Pullman for his treatment of his condemning sand these denounced consists in the

employes, and then denounced capital in the Charles N. Machett, who was the socialist candidate for Governor of this state, was the next speaker. He referred at some length to the late strike, and after condemning Pullman and the railroad magnates exclaimed:
"We must meet them with the only weapons
available—the ballot. The ballot, not builets,

available—the ballot. The ballot, not builets, is your remedy."

After him came T. B. Wakeman, who was a candidate on the Populist ticket for a judicial position in 1892. He followed in the same strain as did Daniel de Leon, former candidate for mayor, Mrs. Imogene C. Fales, H. B. Salisbury and many iesser lights. The following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas the town of Pullman is established on a basis repurpant to civil liberty, giving to

whereas the town of ruliman is established on a basis repugnant to civil liberty, giving to its founder absolute power over the economic liberties of its people similar to that exercised by the feudal lords of past ages; and, Whereas the strike of the citizens of Puliman was the result of the abuses and outrages which naturally and inevitably arise from the infamous one-man cower, and

from the infamous one-man power; and,
Whereas the army and the courts of the
United States were on a small pretext arrayed
on the side of the railroads, contrary to all
precedent, against the protests of the Governor of the state invaded by troops and in direct violation of the Constitution of the United States to fight the battle of monopoly by injunction and builet against the pro-ducers of wealth who have been system-atically robbed of the fruits of their toil,

Resolved, That we see in these events an

Resolved. That we see in these events another evidence of the irrepressible conflict between the producers and the expiciters which must continue to be waged until the present infamous system of competition is supplanted by co-operation which will insure to the toiler the full product of his labor.

Resolved. That we call upon the wage earners of all conditions in the country to sever utterly their affiliations with the old political parties which are under the dominion of capitalists and unite with the socialist labor party, whose platform demands the overthrow of this system of monopoly and the establishment of the co-operative comthe establishment of the co-operative monwealth, which insures justice to all mer

### INSULT ADDED TO INJURY.

Miss Bothem Assaulted and Then Sent to

JERSEY CITY, N. J., July 14.-This after soon the police of this city were notified of another assault similar in many instances to that committed on Miss May Barrowcliff. At that committed on Miss May Barroweliff. At 2 o'clock this morning Policeman Fitzhenry discovered a woman wandering aimlessiy along the Marion section of the city. He arrested her and she was arraigned before Justice Douglass. She appeared to be drunk and was sent to the county juil for thirty days. After the woman had been taken to juil she was identified by J. Wesiey Bothem, of 35 Richard place, as his sister. He took her home, where it was found the back of her head was covered with blood. An examination showed that she had a wound over three inches long on her head. She was hysterical. inches long on her head. She was hysterical, and said she left her brother's house at 9 o'clock last night to go to her home at 75 Broadway. When near the Marion station she was attacked by a man who hit her with a blunt instrument. She did not remember anything more until this afternoon. The woman bore every evidence of having been eriminally assaulted. The police are working on the case, but thus far have no clue.

### SHERMAN OPPOSED CHANGES.

But the Departmental Reorganization by the Pockery Commission Stands.

The legislative, executive, and judicial ar propriation bill was further considered by the Senate yesterday, but was not disposed of when the Senate adjourned.
Senator Sherman was anxious to strike out the provision for reorganization on the basis of the Dockery commission, on the ground that it would impair the financial policy of

the government.
Senator Proctor replied that it was well known that the government's methods had the moss and fungus of antiquity about them and changes had been proposed as long as sixty years ago. Senator Cockrell defended the changes as a guard to the Treas-ury. An amendment was offered to the bill and passed, raising the number of privates in

ury. An amendment number of privates in and passed, raising the number of privates in the Capitol police from twenty-four to thirty-six, necessitating an increase of appropria-Sr. Paul, Minn., July 14.-The farmers ar now likely to be made to suffer from a sympathetic strike, growing out of the Pull-man boycott. Such is the statement which reached the Associated Press to-night from a reliable source. On ac-count of the strike shipments of bind-ing twine have been few and far between. Much twine has been secured, but much more is needed, and all parts of the northwest re-tort a great searcity. Much of that shipped port a great scarcity. Much of that shipped has gone over roads boycotted because of the Pullman strike and a boycott on the twine is threatened on account of such shipment.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., July 14.-A cloud ourst occurred at Lead Hill, Ark., yesterday. Houses, fences, and timber were washed away. The Tatum roller mill was swept from its foundations and completely wrecked. The miller, William Trusty, living in a cottage near the mill, made his escape, but the house was wrecked. His wife and four children were carried away and drowned.

Coal Oil Can-Usual Result. Nahadil, 50 years old, and her grandchild, Clifford, 2 years old, were burned to death, and Joseph Nahadil, the husband, was severly burned at Collinsburg, one mile from here. The grandmother undertook to start a fire with the oil can, with the usual result.

Killed by Highwaymen.
Hazzarox, Pa., July 14.—John Stets, Hungarian, was killed and robbed by highwaymen at Tattimy, a village near here, to-day. Stets was attacked in a path near his home and his assailants crushed his head with a stone or heavy instrument, after which they robbed him of the month's wages he had received but a few hours before. There is no clew to the footpads.

### GERMAN CATHOLICS ANGRY ATTACKED BY A CHINESE MOB. SHE'S THE FASTEST AFLOAT

Rejection of the Anti-Jesuit Law by a Crowd of Fanatics.

Repeal Resented by Them. DIRE THREATS OF RETALIATION

Stringent Measures Against the Cholora Socialists and the Beer Boycott-Bismarck to Have an Ovation in Berlin-Bitter Newspaper Attack Upon Caprivi.

[Copyrighted, 1894, by the Associated Press.] Berlin, July 14.—The Bundesrath, as exected, reversed the decision of the Reichstag o repeal the anti-Jesuit law. As a compro-

cessful. Very extended observations are being made, especially along the Russian frontier. Nevertheless, six cases were found on the Vistula river between Warsaw and Danzie during the past week. They are being iso-lated and no approhension exists. The Hamburg senate has forbidden the

The Hamburg senate has forbidden the holding of the usual August fair as a measure of precaution against the possible introduction of cholera into that city. The salesmen and others who usually attend this fair have united with the view of holding the senate responsible for the pecuniary loss which they will suffer as a result of the senate's order. BEER BOYCOTT DWINDLING.

The beer boycott inaugurated by the socialists against the breweries which have fallen under their displeasure is waged as wildly as ever. Both sides are claiming the advantage, but there seems no way of telling which party really stands ahead. The authorities are indirectly assisting the brewers by the removal of the prohibition against soldiers visiting beer gardens frequented by socialists. Hitherto this regulation has been strictly enforced in order to present contact strictly enforced in order to prevent contact between the troops and the socialists. These gardens, which mostly sell boycotted beer, have been descrited by the socialists for places where unboycotted beer is alone served, but the latter are steadily diminishing in number. There has been s large increase in the quantity of Bavarian and other unboycotted imported into Bernin, which means a severe

imported into Bertin, which means a severe loss to the local breweries.

The annual army maneuvers in September next, about Bromberg, on the Polish frontier, in the presence of Emperor William will be of unusual interest. All the men engaged will be of the cines having less than two years' service. Thus the occasion will be made a test of the men entered under the army law of 1803. The other novelties of the maneuvers will include large experiments with the reduced-weight field kit designed by the Emperor, who will personally command. the Emperor, who will personally command

BISMARCK IN BEBLIN. Prince Bismarck has just visited his son Herbert at Schoenhausen en route to Varzin. All traces of the ex-chancellor's test illness seem to have entirely disappeared, but he looks feeble and is not inclined to take active exercise or long journeys. The journey of Prince Bismarck to Varzin, his Summer residence, will be made via Berlin, but he will

the veteran statesman to pass through the capital without showing that they honer and respect the man of blood and iron.

Whether or not Prince Bismarck was the inspirer of the paper, the Hamburg Nach-like the state of the paper, the Hamburg Nach-like the state of the paper. respect the man of blood and iron.

Whether or not Prince Bismarck was the inspirer of the paper, the Hamburg Nachrichten makes the anti-anarchist agitation the subject of the most virulent attack upon Chancellor von Caprivi ever seen. The Kreux Zeitung also dubs Gen von Caprivi Kreuz Zeitung also dubs Gen. von Caprivi the "chancellor of the Social Democrats

The long-promised evidence to clear Rob-ert F. Kneebs, the American trotting horse owner, who is charged with "ringing" on German race courses, has not been forthcom-ing. Mr. Kneebs' friends now regard his case

ing. Mr. Kneebs' friends now regard his case as hopeless. The trial will probably take place in September next.

Mr. John B Jackson, second secretary of the United States embassy, has gone on a long vacation to Baden Baden with his wife. Emperor William has finally decided against the advice of many prominent generals not to reintroduce the light bayonet which the infantry carried attached to the rifle upon all occasions excent when on the march. Since charges have been regarded as almost obsolete. Emperor William, however, thinks

### NO FEARS FOR WELLMAN.

News from His Polar Expedition Not Expected Before the End of July. Curcago, July 14.—The cable dispatch from Promsoe, Norway, expressing fears for the afety of Walter Wellman and other men of the "Chicago Herald North Pole Expedi-tion" causes no uneasiness in the office of the Chicago Herald.

A letter from Wellman to the Herald sent

A letter from Wellman to the Herald sent back by a fishing smack contained the in-formation that nothing would be heard from the expedition until the end of July and the proprietors of the Herald are strong in the selief that at that time the world will hear from Wellman of the success of the Herald's

Confessions Seem to Be In Order. Lexington, Ky., July 14.—Evan R. Settle reckinridge's opponent, addressed a larg Breesinrings a opponent, addressed a large crowd here to-night, many ladies being pre-sent. He surprised his audience by confessing that about 12 years ago he was advankard and a gambier and that he had mortgaged his home and lost the money at cards; that his wife sued for the recovery of the money, but the court of appeals overruled the decision of the lower court and she got nothing. In tell-ing the story of his weakness Mr. Settle grew very pathetic.

Gen. Casey, chief of engineers, an esterday his intention not to give to the presettiny in manual reports of the army engineers covering work on river and harbor and other public improvements in advance of their transmission to Congress next December with his annual report. Gen. Casey's predecessors always made these reports public when received, but he has refused to do this

Casey Holds Them Back.

Her Beauty Spoiled for Life.

Lillie Gray, a colored denises of Dignor's court, became involved in a row last night with a gentleman friend whom abe attempted to chastise when he took liberties with her. This he reseated, and now Lillie will have to wander down life's dismal path with only one wand a broken note.

cored a Dying Man Are Maltreated

VICTORIA, B. C., July 14.-Hong Kong papers, arrived by steamer Victoria, chronicle erious attack upon two ladies of the American Presbyterian mission at Canton on June 11, as the result of which, it is stated, one of

Miss Bemier and Miss 'Halverstone are the names of the unfortunate missionaries of mercy whose mishap was solely due to their mistaken ministrations. They were walking in Honam in the afternoon and came across a Chinaman evidently in a dying condition by the side of the road. With tender care they raised him and procured a cup of tea, while one of the ladies applied smeiling salts to the man's nostrils and conversed with him They so far revived the man as to enable him to walk a few yards with support, but while conveying him on a sapan with the intention of placing him in a hospital, some Chinese who had gathered around asked if anything had been administered to him by the "for-sign women"

mise, however, it accepted a motion, proposed by Bavaria, exempting the Redemptorists and White Fathers from expulsion. The latter are active missionary workers in East Africa, and they will now be able to educate their novices in Germany instead of sending them to France.

The Centrist party is furious at the rejection of the Reichstag repeal bill and threaten the government with all kinds of retaliation at the next session of the Reichstag. The Catholic congress, at its session in August, will decide upon the general attitude of the Centrist party in view of the action just taken by the Bundesrath.

Strict measures are being taken at all the frontiers of Germany to exclude cholera from this country, and so far they have been successful. Very extended observations are be-

ler who was in the Chinaman's shop in mo-mentary danger of being attacked by the en-raged natives outside. The mob followed shouting and howling until the mission house was reached. Miss Bemier's wound has since given her trouble, while her companion has completely collapsed under the mental strain and lies at the point of death. The affair has coused much excitement at Honam and apprehensions of further trouble are entertained, so much so that the British gunboat fattler has been anchored close to the shore to be ready, should emergency re-quire it, to protect the white residents under its guns.

its guns.

Chinese superstitions connect the mission-

#### SHE SHOWED NO MERCY. Mrs. Logan Kills Her Husband After He

LOVELOCK, Nev., July 14.-Three men were killed near here Thursday night as the result of a husband's jealousy. Robert Logan shot of a hasband's jealousy. Robert Logan and and killed Dan Lovelock and Fred. Sullivan and was in turn killed by his own wife. Mrs. Logan had applied for a divorce, and her busband was insanely jealous of her, threat-ening to kill some of her friends. A few days ago Mrs. Logan went to Cotton-wood to visit her mother. Logan followed, and that night attacked and severely wounded Dan Lovelock, a stare driver.

wounded Dan Lovelock, a stage driver.
Lovelock was unable to return, so Mrs.
Logan brought the stage back
On Wednesday she returned to Cottonwood
to bring Lovelock home. Mrs. Logan drove
with the wounded man on the seat beside her.

win the wounded man on the seat beside her. Fred Sullivan, a stranger, rode on a rear seat. About dusk Logan rode up on horseback. He was armed with a Winchester, and ordered his wife to leave the stage and go with him. She refused, saying she was going home. Logan then said he would go, too, and rode on behind.

They rode slong for two hours, when Mrs.

on behind.

They rode along for two hours, when Mrs. Logan heard a shot, and turning, saw Sullivan fall dead with a bullet through his heart. He had been shot in the back by Logan. Then the murderer shot Lovelock, who was too weak to defend himself, and fell dead in Mrs. Logan's tap. Logan then got into the stage, and taking the reins from his wife, drove to a well five miles distant, into which he said he intended to throw the bodies of the murdered men, after which he would kill his wife.

dence, will be made via Berlin, but he will only stop about ninety minutes in this city. However, she pursuaded him to water the bringer is expected here on Monday, and an immense demonstration is in preparation here, as the citizens of Berlin could not allow the reference internal to the research of the research of

was dead.

Leaving Logan's body lying in the dust,
Leaving Logan's town with the other the woman drove into town with the other dead men and told the news. Lovelock was stage proprietor and driver, and although well acquainted with Mrs. Logan, had never been suspected of intimacy with her. Suili-van was an entire stranger. The people de-nounce Logan as a coward, and commend Mrs. Logan's courage.

## ANOTHER ARBITRATION BILL.

Mr. Springer Proposes a National Board with Power to Settle Difficulties.

A bill to create a national board of arbitraion, following in the line of President Clevetion, following in the line of President Cleveland's suggestions in his message of 1886, was
introduced in the House yesterday by Representative Springer, of Illinois The board
is to be attached to the Department of Justice
and to consist of three members appointed by
the President, or two appointed members and
the Commissioner of Labor, as in the law of
1888. The members are to hold office six
years at a salary of \$5,000. Their powers are
to extend to settlement of controversies between railroad or other companies engaged in
commerce between the states, or from the
states to foreign nations, where there is
hindrance to the transportation of property,
passengers, or mails.

A copy of a petition for arbitration presented to the board is to be served on the
other party and a time for an answer fixed.

other party and a time for an answer fixed.

The authority of the board where there is a mutual request for arbitration is to extend to all questions so submitted; where no answer is filed the rights of the petitioner are to be enforced only to the extent they would avail a law or equity.

in law or equity.

It is proposed that the board shall have power to investigate all differences, whether called upon or not, and report to the President, and that in case of troubles within a state the interposition of the board may be tendered by the President

Yesterday's Troop Movements

Gen. McCook at Denver reported to army endquarters yesterday that the situation Williams, Winslow, and Peach Springs so critical that he had ordered three infantry companies from Whipple Barracks, Arizona, to take station at those points and move from point to point on the Atlantic and Pacific railroad as it may be deemed necessary. This is the only movement of troops reported here yesterday.

f being considered a well-dressed man, but ist night he overstepped the bounds of pru-ence in his desire when he took without dence in his desire when he took which we their permission from Frazier & Company's store two pairs of trousers. He is now looked up and will very probably sujourn down on the banks of the eastern branch at Un ele Sam's expense for some time to come. The case will come up in court to-morrow morning.

drday morning and took a box of eigarettes, a box of tobacco, and a box of Key West sigars. She reported her loss to the police.

New Cruiser Minneapolis Breaks All Previous Records.

AVERAGE SPEED 23.05 KNOTS

Nothing to Mar the Official Trial Trip of the Latest Addition to Uncle Sam's Navv. Secretary Herbert a Witness of the Test.

Bosron, July 14.-With a new broom at her fore topmast, denoting that she had swept the Minneapolis anchored off Boston Light about 4.30 o'clock this afternoon, the proud holder of the world's record for speed of a warship. Two hours later the party who had enjoyed the distinction of being present on the fas warship in the world landed in Boston.

Cramp Earns \$400,000 Premium.

The requirements of the contract were that per hour, and for each quarter of a knot above that figure the firm of Cramp & Son, builders, were to receive the sum of \$50,000. family who were present on the trip saw the big anchor drop out of sight in the water at the close of the trial they had the satisfaction than when a few hours before they embarked

upon the beautiful exemplification of the naval architect's art. The day and the elements were all favora-ble to the queen of the seas, and not a single accident or mishap of any kind happened to

accident or mishap of any kind happened to mar the trial trip.

At 8 o'clock the new cruiser started for Cape Ann, where she was to begin her journey of nearly eighty-eight nantical miles for fame and money, and the long whistle denoting that she was ready to go over the course was blown soon after the twin lights on Thatchers' Island came into view. The flag of the Secretary of the Navy, which had up to this time flaunted deflance to the breeze from the foretopmast, was hauled down, and in turn every piece of bunting, rope, flagstaffs, and everything which in any way could catch a breeze, no matter how small, and thus impede the speed of the vessel was taken down and stored away.

FLEW ACROSS THE LINE.

Like a race horse the beautiful vessel crossed the line, or buoy, marked "A 1," behind which was anchored the United States

time of the Minneapolis had begun.

From here until the finish the run was delightful one. A light northeasterly wind was blowing, but not strong enough to keep the cluders thrown from the two huge smokestacks from making the after deck look like a cluder track a couple of hours after the start and not enough to interfere with the Minneapolish control of the mine from which the Minneapolish couple of hours. cinder track a couple of hours after the stars and not enough to interfere with the Minne-anpolis making her best time. The boat passed Boston light at 8.31, and soon after the forced draught was put on and the ship speeded to the starting point as shough imbued with a knowledge that she was expected to do some-thing never before accomplished, and when

knowledge that she was expected to do some-thing never before accomplished, and when she did cross the line she had not, in the esti-mation of the senior member of the firm of Cramp & Sons, attained her full speed.

The last leg of the run over the first half of the trial trip of 4s miles, from Cape Ann to Cape Parpoise and return, was the next to be run, and the distance between the Vesuvius and the dispatch boat Dolphin, 7.74 nautical miles, was made in eighteen minutes and eighteen seconds, or at a rate of speed of 25.42 miles, being the fastest time made on the outward trip, and causing the members of the board of officers assigned to attend the trial to open their eyes and the newspaper

miles, as against 22.92 for the first balf of the trial trip for the Columbia, whose efforts she

MACHINERY WORKED PERFECTLY.

On the return trip the same vessels were

Hawley, Hon. Amos Cummines, Hon, William Coggswell, Representatives Money, of Mississippi, and Houlick, of Ohio, and Gen. Flagler, chief of ordnance: Commander J. H. Sands, Engineer-in-Chief Melville, the father of the three-screw battle ships; Chief Engineer McComb (retired), and many local naval and military officers.

Bostos, July 14.—The following message was to-night sent to President Cleveland:
"To the President, Executive Mansion, Washington, D. C.:
"The cruiser Minneapolis has made twenty-three knots an hour, surpassing all records. We are pleased to inform the commander-inchief of the army and navy of this peerless addition to the national defences.
"Charles H. Charle."

Bank Robbers Killed.

Dallas, Tex., July 14.—Advices from the

osse of deputy United States marshals who have been in pursuit of the Long View, Tex., hank robbers in the Trinity river country, near Clarksville, state that the posse came upon four of the band to-day, and in a battle following an attempt to arrest the bandist taree robbers were killed and the fourth was ciptured. The bodies of the dead will be taken to Paris, Tex., by the posse. The band, it is reported, was en route to Detroit, Tex., to rob a bank there.

forehead and hit in the mouth with a beer bottle last night in a saloon corner of Dela-ware avenue and N street southwest by Will-iam and Al Eichelberger. The trouble arcost out of a drunken wrangle. The wounded man was taken to Emergency Hospital for

He Succeeded at Last,
Baltimone, July 14.—William J. Uhden, a

harness dealer of 326 South Monroe street, to-day succeeded in his fourth attempt at suicide. Each time he used laudanum. When drinking he had a morbid desire to kill himself, and until to-day his wife had been in

of the board of officers assigned to attend the trial to open their eyes and the newspaper men on board to feel as though they were going through the air.

The speed was perfectly satisfactory to all on board, and the Minneapolis in the last few miles had demonstrated that she was not only capable of holding her own with her sister ship, but was able to meet her and show her the lines of her stern at any time. One half of the trip was a thing of the past, and the time consumed in the forty-four knots was an hour and fifty-five minutes and eighteen seconds, with an average speed of 22.90

The run back was started at 11.58, the time utes and thirty-four seconds. No stop was made to cool bearings, or for any purpose, as nothing was necessary to be done, so perfect was the working of the machinery on the boat, and she immediately sped for the mark

On the return trip the same vessels were passed as on the outward trip, the same buoys were in position, and the only difference on the return from the outward trip was that the average speed of the Minneapolis was a trile faster, and her average speed on the return trip was 23.20 miles as against 22.92 on the first half, making the total average speed per hour of 23.05, and proclaiming to the world the fact that the new United States cruiser Minneapolis was the fastest armored vessel afloat.

Among the nctables were Secretary of the Navy Herbert, Mesers, Charles H., Henry W., Edwin S., and Walter S. Cramp, the former, though president of the company, making his first trip on a trial of one of his cruisers, Commodore Selfridge, Rear Admiral Belknap (retired), (2. Secretary Tracy, Gen. J. R. Hawley, Hon. Amos Cummings, Hon. William Coggswell, Representatives Money, of Missis-

Struck with a Beer Bottle.